

INFORMATION

No. 175

December 2015

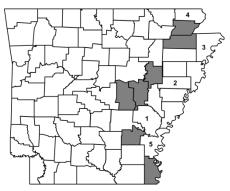
Arkansas Rice Performance Trials, 2013-2015¹

Cultivar selection is likely the most important management decision made each year by rice producers. This choice is generally based upon past experience, seed availability, agronomic traits, and cultivar yield potential. When choosing a rice cultivar, grain yield, milling yield, lodging, maturity, disease susceptibility, seeding date, field characteristics, potential for quality reductions due to pecky rice, and market strategy should all be considered. Cultivar performance data included in this publication are from the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials (ARPT), Producer Rice Evaluation Program (PREP) trials in grower fields, and from seeding date studies conducted during 2013-2015. Additional information can be found on the University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension Service website (<u>http://www.uaex.edu/rice</u>) and the annual B.R. Wells Rice Research Series publication (<u>http://arkansasagnews.uark.edu/1356.htm</u>).

Cultivars grown in the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials (ARPT) in 2015 averaged **167** bu/A of rough rice compared to the state average yield of **164** bu/A as reported by the USDA Crop Reporting Service (<u>http://usda.mannlib.cornell.edu/usda/current/CropProd/CropProd-11-10-2015.pdf</u>). Data averaged over years and locations are more reliable than a single year of data for evaluating rice performance for such important factors as grain yield, milling yield, kernel size, maturity, lodging resistance, plant height and disease susceptibility. It is critical to evaluate as many years of information as possible, particularly when extreme weather conditions occur which may unfairly impact results for certain cultivars in a given year.

The ARPT, PREP, and seeding date studies are supported through grower check-off funds administered by the Arkansas Rice Research and Promotion Board. These studies are conducted every year to compare promising new experimental lines and newly-released cultivars from the breeding programs in Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Mississippi with established

¹Prepared by: Jarrod T. Hardke, Rice Extension Agronomist; Karen Moldenhauer, Professor; Xueyan Sha, Associate Professor; Yeshi Wamishe, Extension Plant Pathologist; Rick Norman, Professor; Donna Frizzell, Program Associate; Eddie Castaneda, Program Associate; Garrett Lee, Program Technician; Maurice Blocker, Program Associate; Jill Bulloch, Program Associate; Tony Beaty, Program Associate; Ralph Mazzanti, Program Associate; Ron Baker, Program Associate; Stewart Runsick, Clay Co. CEA; Wes Kirkpatrick, Desha Co. CEA; Mike Duren, Program Technician; and Yihalem Liyew, Program Technician. cultivars currently grown in Arkansas. Descriptions of cultivars are provided in Table 8 at the end of this report. The 2015 ARPTs were conducted at five locations in Arkansas (Figure 1). Multiple locations each year allow for continued reassessment of the performance and adaptability of advanced breeding lines and commercial cultivars to environmental conditions, soil properties, and management factors. Ninety entries, which were either promising breeding lines or established cultivars, were grown across a range of maturities.



- 1. Rice Research & Extension Center (RREC), Stuttgart, AR
- 2. Pine Tree Research Station (PTRS), Colt, AR
- 3. Northeast Research & Extension Center (NEREC), Keiser, AR
- 4. Trey Bowers Farm, Clay County, AR
- 5. Brandon Truax Farm, Desha County, AR

Figure 1. Locations (1 - 5) of the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials and Producer Rice Evaluation Program sites (shaded) conducted in 2015.

The 2015 ARPTs were located at the Rice Research & Extension Center (RREC) near Stuttgart, AR; Pine Tree Research Station (PTRS) near Colt, AR; Northeast Research & Extension Center (NEREC) near Keiser, AR; the Trey Bowers farm in Clay County (CLAY); and the Brandon Truax farm in Desha County (DESHA). The studies were seeded on April 22, June 5, May 4, April 30, and May 5, respectively. Cultural practices varied somewhat among the ARPT locations, but overall the trials were grown under conditions for high yield. Nitrogen was applied to ARPT tests located on Experiment Stations in a single application of 120-130 lbs N/acre at preflood on silt loam soils and 150 lbs N/acre on clay soils. Phosphorus and potassium fertilizers were applied before seeding at each location. ARPT tests located in grower fields were managed according to standard grower practices under conditions for high yield.

The average yields for the 2013, 2014, and 2015 ARPTs are listed in Table 1. RiceTec (RT) XL753, ARX1084, Caffey, and ARX1021 have been the highest yielding cultivars averaged across the past three years. Antonio, CL151, Mermentau, CL111, Roy J, and CL163 had the highest overall milling yields from 2013 to 2015. Agronomic traits and grain yields from the 2015 ARPTs are shown in Table 2. Averaged across all locations, RT XL753, RT XL760, RT CL XL729, RT CL XL745, and ARX1084 were the top yielding cultivars in the 2015 ARPT. Antonio, CL111, CL153, and CL172 had the highest overall milling yields of the long-grain cultivars in the 2015 ARPT. Jupiter and MM14 had the highest milling yields among medium-grain cultivars.

The most recent disease ratings for each cultivar are listed in Table 3. Ratings for disease susceptibility should be evaluated critically to optimize cultivar selection. Cultivars should be selected for specific fields relative to the potential yield limitations observed in historical yields. For example, LaKast and Roy J are both susceptible to blast disease and should be planted in fields with low risk of this disease. Other cultivars should be considered for fields that have limited water availability, poor water-holding ability, historical blast infestations, and tree lines or other natural barriers that encourage long dew periods. Potential for bacterial panicle blight should also be considered and fields with a history of this disease should be planted to relatively resistant cultivars (hybrids and Jupiter). Pureline varieties should be planted early and prior to planting hybrids. Also, pureline varieties should be managed as timely as possible to avoid unnecessary stress. Disease ratings are a general guide based on our expectations of the cultivar reaction of a cultivar in different fields. Also, resistance to diseases, such as blast, can be overcome by the pathogen over time. Do not expect these ratings to be an absolute predictor of cultivar performance with respect to a particular disease in all situations.

Each year replicated trials are established in numerous grower fields to evaluate rice performance under standard grower practices. The counties where the 2015 Arkansas Producer Rice Evaluation Program (PREP) trials were located are shaded in Figure 1. Grain yield and milling yield information from these trials provides additional valuable information on how cultivars and advanced experimental lines perform across the state when subjected to different environments and management practices (Tables 4, 5). Cultivar disease reaction data from these trials are used to help establish disease susceptibility ratings. Averaged across all locations, RT XL753, RT CL XL729, and RT XL760 were the highest yielding cultivars tested in the PREP trials. The highest yielding conventional varieties were LaKast, ARX1084, ARX1021, and CL153. The cultivars with the highest overall milling yields across locations were CL153, CL163, CL172, and Mermentau. Performance variability among the locations represents different environments, management practices, and susceptibility to various diseases present at specific locations.

Planting date studies are conducted annually to establish rice DD50 thresholds and to evaluate performance of new cultivars over a range of seeding dates at the RREC (Table 6). Results from previous years can be found in past Rice Information Sheets.

In 2015, planting date studies were drill-seeded and then fertilized and flooded at the 5leaf stage. Urea was applied as a single pre-flood application of 120 lbs N/A to all cultivars. The highest grain yields were observed in plots seeded on April 3 (Table 6). The unique conditions of the 2015 season resulted in an atypical grain yield response to planting date. In most years grain yield decline from early planting to late planting is relatively linear. In 2015, yields generally declined later in the season, but some later planting dates performed equal to or greater than earlier planting dates. A notable example was the May 5 planting date outperforming the April 21 planting date; as well as almost no yield decline from May 5 to May 19. RiceTec XL753 and XL760 were the most consistent cultivars across all planting dates and had the highest overall yields at most planting dates. Across all planting dates, the RiceTec hybrids XL753, XL760, and CL XL729 were generally the highest yielding. The highest yielding conventional cultivars were ARX1084 and LaKast. The highest yielding medium grain cultivar was ARX1021. Exposure to extended overcast conditions and generally erratic weather patterns during critical development stages in June, July, and August likely resulted in greater yield variability across planting dates (Table 7). CL111, CL151, CL153, and CL172 had the highest overall milling yields averaged across planting dates. Average milling yield for all cultivars generally increased with later planting dates.

Descriptions of the rice cultivars tested are provided in Table 8.

Growers are encouraged to seed newly released cultivars on a small acreage to evaluate performance under their specific management practices, soils, and environment. Growers are also encouraged to seed rice acreage in several cultivars to reduce the risk of disease epidemics and environmental effects. Cultivars that have been tested under Arkansas growing conditions will reduce potential risks associated with crop failure. Additional information on specific cultivars not listed in this publication is available upon request. Contact your local county Extension agent for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SOURCES

University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension Service http://www.uaex.edu

- Rice Information Sheet No. 166
- Rice Information Sheet No. 167
- Rice Information Sheet No. 168
- Rice Information Sheet No. 169
- Rice Information Sheet No. 170
- Rice Information Sheet No. 171
- Rice Information Sheet No. 172
- Rice Information Sheet No. 173

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We sincerely appreciate the support for this publication provided by the rice farmers of Arkansas and administered by the Arkansas Rice Research and Promotion Board. The authors greatly appreciate the feedback and contributions of all growers, county agents, consultants, and rice industry stakeholders.

		Straw	50%	Plant	Test	Milled	Chalky	1	Milling Yi	eld by Yea	ar	(Grain Yie	ld by Yea	r
Cultivar	Grain Length ¹	Strength ²	Heading ³	Height	Weight	Kernel Wt ⁴	Kernels ⁴	2013	2014	2015	Mean	2013	2014	2015	Mean
		Rating	Days	in.	lbs/bu	mg	%	% F	lead Rice	- % Total	Rice		Bushels	s / Acre	
Antonio	L	2.0	80	37	43.6	20.3	1.94	65-70	66-72	62-70	64-71	191	174	141	169
Caffey	М	2.2	82	38	43.1	23.5	1.47	58-67	57-69	56-68	57-68	217	216	179	204
CL111	L	2.1	79	38	43.7	21.0	1.18	64-69	63-71	62-70	63-70	179	179	144	167
CL151	L	1.6	80	38	43.1	19.6	2.88	65-70	65-71	61-70	64-70	189	202	166	186
CL163	L	1.8	84	38	44.2				63-70	61-70	62-70		186	151	168
CL271	М	1.6	84	38	44.0				58-70	52-68	55-69		190	166	178
Jupiter	М	2.9	83	37	42.2	21.0	2.38	61-66	59-68	61-68	60-67	200	213	176	196
LaKast	L	2.5	80	41	43.4	21.6	1.04	63-70	62-71	56-68	60-70	203	202	162	189
Mermentau	L	1.4	80	37	43.3	19.6	1.88	65-69	66-71	63-69	65-70	190	181	161	177
MM14	М		83	35	44.5				52-69	61-69	56-69		196	155	176
Roy J	L	1.0	85	41	42.7	21.0	1.13	63-70	62-70	61-70	62-70	210	207	169	195
RT CL XL729	L	3.9	80	43	43.7	20.5	2.19	62-69	61-70	59-69	61-69	205	202	194	200
RT CL XL745	L	4.1	77	44	44.0	22.2	1.93	61-69	61-71	58-69	60-70	179	203	187	189
RT XL753	L	2.5	78	51	43.8	21.0	2.13	60-70	57-71	54-69	57-70	245	259	212	239
Taggart	L	1.8	84	43	43.0	22.5	1.02	62-69	60-70	58-70	60-70	205	200	167	191
Wells	L	2.1	82	40	43.2	21.4	1.37	62-70	57-70	57-70	59-70	196	192	161	183
ARX1021	М	2.3	77	38	43.0	22.8	2.47	58-67	55-69	56-68	56-68	212	235	165	204
ARX1084	L	1.8	81	40	43.0	21.5	1.40	62-68	61-69	60-69	61-69	226	218	186	210
Mean		2.2	81.1	39.8	43.4	21.3	1.76	60-71	63-69	62-70	62-70	203	203	169	190

Table 1. Results of the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials averaged across the three-year period of 2013-2015.

¹ Grain Length: L=long grain; M=medium grain. ² Relative straw strength based on field tests using the scale: 1=very strong straw, 5=very weak straw; based on percent lodging (2012-2014 data due to no lodging in 2015). ³ Number of days from plant emergence until 50% of the panicles are visibly emerging from the boot. ⁴ Data from Riceland Grain Quality Lab, 2012-2014.

		C4-man-m	50%	Dlant	Test	Milling		Grain Yie	ld by Locati	on and Pla	nting Date	
	Grain	Straw		Plant	Test	Milling	CLAY	DESHA	NEREC	PTRS	RREC	
Cultivar	Length ¹	Strength ²	Heading ³	Height	Weight	Yield	April 30	May 5	May 4	June 5	April 22	MEAN
		Rating	Days	in.	lbs/bu	%HR-%TR		L	Bushels	/ Acre		
Antonio	L		75	37	46.9	62-70	162	139	166	122	118	141
Caffey	М		79	37	46.0	57-68	194	139	206	176	182	179
CL111	L		74	39	47.6	62-70	160	141	147	139	133	144
CL151	L		74	38	46.5	61-70	182	164	188	161	136	166
CL153	L		77	37	46.8	62-70	166	144	185	150	124	154
CL163	L		79	37	46.3	62-69	133	149	180	148	145	151
CL172	L		77	35	46.1	61-70	156	130	165	128	133	142
CL271	М		79	38	45.9	58-69	177	138	198	177	140	166
CL272	М		77	37	46.5	52-68	171	132	206	158	141	162
Jupiter	М		79	36	45.0	61-68	183	137	201	164	194	176
LaKast	L		74	41	47.4	56-68	178	150	184	148	149	162
Mermentau	L		76	37	46.5	63-69	174	167	187	140	137	161
MM14	М		77	33	46.5	61-69	173	135	169	134	166	155
Roy J	L		81	39	45.4	61-70	182	149	195	170	146	169
RT CL XL729	L		74	45	47.7	59-69	194	165	207	211	195	194
RT CL XL745	L		72	45	47.6	58-69	194	167	185	189	198	187
RT XL753	L		73	69	47.7	54-69	219	202	218	209	210	212
RT XL760	L		77	45	46.7	59-69	211	187	226	210	204	207
Taggart	L		80	41	46.0	59-70	182	157	194	159	143	167
Wells	L		78	39	46.5	57-70	179	149	182	165	131	161
MSX4077	L		80	37	46.3	58-69	130	137	177	109	133	137
ARX1021	М		73	36	46.1	56-68	180	129	200	142	173	165
ARX1084	L		77	39	46.1	60-69	189	169	232	171	172	186
Mean			76.5	39.7	46.5	59-69	177	151	191	160	157	167

 Table 2. Results of the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials at five locations during 2015.

¹Grain Length: L=long grain; M=medium grain.
 ² Relative straw strength based on field tests using the scale: 1=very strong straw, 5=very weak straw; based on percent lodging (no lodging in 2015).
 ³ Number of days from plant emergence until 50% of the panicles are visibly emerging from the boot.

	Sheath		Straight	Bacterial Panicle	Narrow Brown Leaf	Stem	Kernel	False		Black Sheath	Sheath
Cultivar	Blight	Blast	head	Blight	Spot	Rot	Smut	Smut	Lodging	Rot	Spot
Antonio	S	S		MS	MS	S	S	MS	MS		
Bengal	MS	S	VS	VS	S	VS	MS	MS	MR	MR	
Caffey	MS	MR		S	R			MS			
Catahoula	VS	R	MS	S	MR	S	S	S	MR	S	
Cheniere	S	VS	VS	VS	S	S	S	S	MR	MS	
CL111	VS	MS	S	VS	VS	VS	S	S	MS	S	MS
CL151	S	VS	VS	VS	S	VS	S	S	MS	S	
CL152	S	VS	S	S	MR		VS	S			
CL153	S	MS					S	S			
CL163	S	S		MS			MS				
CL172	MS	MS		MS			MS	S			
CL271	S	MR		MS	MR		MS			S	
CL272	S	S		VS			MS				
Cocodrie	S	S	VS	S	S	VS	S	S	MR	S	
Della-2	S	R		S	MS						
Francis	MS	VS	MR	VS	S	S	VS	S	MS	S	
Jazzman	MS	S	S	S	S	S	MS	S	MS	MS	
Jazzman-2	VS	S		VS	MR		S	S			
JES	S	R	VS	S	R	VS	MS	MS	S	MR	
Jupiter	S	S	S	MR	MS	VS	MS	MS	MS	MR	
LaKast	S	S	MS	S	MS	S	S	S	MS	MS	S
Mermentau	S	S	VS	MS	MS		S	S	MS		
MM14				S				S			
REX	S	S	S	S	MS	S	S	S	MR	S	
Roy J	MS	S	S	S	MR	S	VS	S	MR	MS	
RT CL XL729	MS	R	MS	MR	MS	S	MS	S	S	S	
RT CL XL745	S	R	R	MR	MS	S	MS	S	S	S	
RT CL XP756	MS							S		S	
RT XL723	MS	R	S	MR	MS	S	MS	S	MS	S	
RT XL753	MS	R	MS	MR			MS	S	MS	S	
RT XL760	MS						MS	VS			
Taggart	MS	MS	R	MS	MS	S	S	S	MS	MS	
Wells	S	S	S	S	S	VS	S	S	MS	MS	

Table 3. Rice Cultivar Reactions to Diseases and Lodging (2015).

Reaction: R = Resistant; MR = Moderately Resistant; MS = Moderately Susceptible; S = Susceptible; VS = Very SusceptibleCells with no values indicate no definitive Arkansas disease rating information is available at this time. Reactions were determined based on historical and recent observations from test plots and in grower fields across Arkansas and other rice states in southern USA. In general, these ratings represent expected cultivar reactions to disease under conditions that most favor severe disease development. *Table prepared by Y. Wamishe, Assistant Professor/Extension Plant Pathologist*

		Grain Yield by Location Planting Date									
Cultivar	Grain Length ¹	Chicot May 5	Craighead April 27	Greene April 30	Lincoln April 8	Lonoke April 21	Prairie April 9	Woodruff April 8	MEAN		
					Bushels /	Acre					
CL111	L	170	141	178	223	194	145	172	175		
CL151	L	165	169	192	225	185	153	147	177		
CL153	L	172	166	173	234	195	190	143	182		
CL163	L	166	103	137	216	190	196	161	167		
CL172	L	151	150	133	197	170	184	151	162		
CL271	М	163	165	157	189	175	176	162	169		
CL272	М	174	164	170	210	193	177	161	178		
Jupiter	М	152	141	142	195	181	175	139	161		
LaKast	L	207	182	193	230	218	193	169	199		
Mermentau	L	178	155	163	196	183	170	141	169		
Roy J	L	171	177	151	192	205	209	152	179		
RT CL XL729	L	231	206	243	287	248	192	161	224		
RT CL XL745	L	211	190	228	268	243	152	174	210		
RT XL753	L	245	198	244	257	250	227	193	231		
RT XL760	L	239	197	202	252	261	202	154	215		
Taggart	L	181	175	160	202	186	193	138	176		
MSX4077	L	170	95	164	180	188	176	154	161		
ARX1021	М	157	149	197	222	198	190	166	183		
ARX1084	L	206	187	195	205	219	204	165	197		
Mean		185	164	180	220	204	184	158	185		

Table 4. Performance of selected cultivars in Producer Rice Evaluation Program trials located in grower fields in Arkansas during 2015.

¹Grain Length: L=long grain; M=medium grain.

				Γ	Milling Yield b Planting	•				
Cultivar	Grain Length ¹	Chicot May 5	Craighead April 27	Greene April 30	Lincoln April 8	Lonoke April 21	Prairie April 9	Woodruff April 8	MEAN	
		% Head Rice – % Total Rice								
CL111	L	67-72	66-72	67-71	63-68	61-69	46-67	52-69	60-70	
CL151	L	67-72	66-71	67-72	63-68	64-68	42-68	53-69	60-70	
CL153	L	66-71	67-72	67-71	64-67	65-69	46-67	53-70	61-70	
CL163	М	68-73	67-72	64-69	60-64	63-67	55-67	56-69	62-69	
CL172	М	67-72	65-71	64-70	63-67	64-69	53-68	50-68	61-69	
CL271	М	67-72	67-70	70-72	62-67	51-68	38-67	43-67	57-69	
CL272	L	67-72	67-72	68-71	60-66	43-67	34-67	42-68	54-69	
Jupiter	L	66-71	62-68	68-71	61-64	62-67	57-68	54-68	61-68	
LaKast	L	69-73	68-72	66-72	53-65	56-66	39-66	48-69	57-69	
Mermentau	L	67-72	67-71	67-71	61-65	63-68	57-68	52-68	62-69	
Roy J	L	68-72	66-71	62-70	60-68	65-70	46-68	49-67	59-70	
RT CL XL729	L	69-73	65-71	66-71	60-66	52-65	44-66	50-68	58-69	
RT CL XL745	L	68-73	67-72	68-73	63-69	55-68	45-68	53-69	60-70	
RT XL753	L	67-72	68-72	69-74	59-67	46-67	39-67	52-69	57-70	
RT XL760	М	66-71	68-73	65-71	58-66	61-66	45-66	54-68	59-69	
Taggart	L	67-71	61-68	66-72	60-67	61-68	40-67	44-67	57-69	
MSX4077	L	66-70	67-73	66-71	64-67	57-67	50-68	51-68	60-69	
ARX1021	L	67-70	66-70	69-71	62-66	34-65	22-65	48-68	52-68	
ARX1084	L	68-72	64-71	66-71	55-65	60-68	44-67	49-67	58-69	
MEAN		67-72	66-71	67-71	61-66	57-67	44-67	50-68	59-69	

Table 5. Performance of selected cultivars in Producer Rice Evaluation Program trials located in grower fields in Arkansas during 2015.

¹Grain Length: L=long grain; M=medium grain.

			Grai	in Yields (bu/A)					Milling Y	ield (%HR	-%TR)		
Cultivar	April 3	April 21	May 5	May 19	June 3	June 16 ¹	Mean	April 3	April 21	May 5	May 19	June 3	June 16	Mean
CL111	173	152	171	143	104		149	62-69	65-71	65-71	65-70	67-72		65-70
CL151	182	141	178	178	135	139	163	62-69	67-70	66-71	67-71	67-72		66-71
CL153	179	157	170	174	121	133	160	63-68	66-69	66-70	66-70	66-71		65-70
CL163	170	141	172	177	137		159	57-65	63-69	63-69	64-69	65-69		62-68
CL172	163	139	167	162	140	136	154	64-69	66-70	65-70	66-70	66-71		65-70
CL271	176	126	174	174	140	136	158	63-68	63-69	64-70	63-71	69-71		64-70
CL272	178	146	183	175	130		162	62-68	63-70	59-70	60-70	67-70		62-69
Jupiter	183	157	165	161	161	151	165	63-66	66-68	65-69	66-69	66-68		65-68
LaKast	197	174	183	192	150		179	53-67	54-68	58-69	65-71	65-72		59-70
Mermentau	178	131	170	183	156	144	163	62-68	66-69	66-70	65-69	67-71		65-69
Roy J	193	142	165	180	169	160	170	56-68	63-70	65-71	65-71	67-72		63-70
RT CL XL729	226	212	227	229	181	169	215	56-66	56-68	61-69	65-71	66-71		61-69
RT CL XL745	180	198	201	194	157		186	57-68	55-69	60-71	63-71	65-72		60-70
RT XL753	225	227	232	225	191	202	220	55-68	51-70	56-70	61-71	65-72		58-70
RT XL760	233	212	224	235	204	191	221	56-67	62-70	62-70	65-71	66-71		62-70
Wells	159	139	170	179	146		159	53-68	60-70	56-70	60-70	66-72		59-70
MSX4077	189	141	171	167	140		162	58-67	63-69	60-69	64-69	65-69		62-69
ARX1021	222	178	178	149	148		175	63-67	63-70	58-69	53-68	67-69		61-69
ARX1084	211	164	192	209	185	181	192	55-67	60-69	61-70	66-71	65-70		61-70
Mean	190	162	184	184	152	158	174	59-68	62-69	62-70	64-70	66-71		63-70

Table 6. Influence of seeding date on	grain yield and milling yield of selected rice cultivars in s	studies conducted at the RREC during 2015.
	a	

¹June 16 planting date not included in average due to bird damage at trial emergence. Values reported from plots with no bird damage only.

	Days	to 1/2" Inter	node Elong	gation	Days to 50% Heading							
Cultivar	April 3	May 5	June 3	Mean	April 3	April 21	May 5	May 19	June 3	June 16 ¹	Mean	
		days after	emergence		days after emergence							
CL111					86	76	72	72	67		75	
CL151					87	77	72	73	67		75	
CL153	62	46	37	48	89	79	75	74	68		77	
CL163	67	52	45	55	88	82	77	76	77		80	
CL172	68	51	43	54	92	82	75	74	69		78	
CL271	68	54	46	56	92	81	79	77	77		81	
CL272	67	53	43	54	92	80	76	76	73		79	
Jupiter	71	54	47	57	95	82	78	77	74		81	
LaKast	65	49	40	51	88	76	72	73	68		75	
Mermentau					88	79	74	73	68		76	
Roy J					92	84	79	81	77		83	
RT CL XL729					86	76	74	72	66		75	
RT CL XL745					84	74	72	70	66		73	
RT XL753					85	75	72	69	67		73	
RT XL760	63	47	39	50	89	81	78	77	71		79	
Wells	67	50	43	53	91	80	75	75	72		78	
MSX4077	68	54	46	56	91	84	78	79	77		82	
ARX1021	66	51	44	53	86	75	72	74	68		75	
ARX1084	67	50	42	53	89	79	75	75	73		78	
Mean	67	51	43	53	89	79	75	74	71		78	

Table 7. Influence of seeding date on days from emergence to ¹/₂" internode elongation and 50% heading for selected rice cultivars in studies conducted at the RREC during 2015.

¹ June 16 planting date not included in average due to bird damage at trial emergence.

Cultivar	Year Released & Source	Pedigree	Highlights
Antonio	2012 – Texas	Cypress/Cocodrie	A short season, semi-dwarf long-grain variety with very good yield potential and milling quality. Similar to Cocodrie for agronomic characteristics.
Bengal	1992 – Louisiana	Mars/M-201//Mars	A short season, semi-dwarf medium-grain variety with good yield potential and milling quality. It has a preferred large grain size.
Bowman	2007 – Mississippi	RU8603006/3/Mars/Newrex//Tebon net	A short season, high-amylose long-grain variety designed for canning rice market. Has good grain and milling yield potential and is susceptible to blast and moderately susceptible to sheath blight and straighthead.
Caffey	2011 – Louisiana	Bengal//Mercury/Rico/3/Mercury/R ico//Bengal	A short season, semi-dwarf medium-grain variety with excellent yield potential and milling quality. Susceptible to blast, sheath blight, and panicle blight.
Cheniere	2003 – Louisiana	Newbonnet/Katy/3/82CAY21/Lemo nt//L-202	A short season, semi-dwarf long-grain variety with good yield potential and milling quality comparable to Cypress. Susceptible to sheath blight and blast.
CL111	2008 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: 9502008- A/Drew/3/CFX-29//AR 1142/LA 2031	An early season, semi-dwarf long-grain Clearfield variety similar to CL 131. Susceptible to blast, straighthead, and bacterial panicle blight.
CL151	2007 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: CFX-26/4/Lem ont/2001-5/3/Lemont//L-202/Taduc an	A mid-season, semi-dwarf long-grain Clearfield variety similar to Cocodrie with good yield potential and high tolerance to Newpath herbicide. It is very susceptible to blast and straighthead, and susceptible to lodging and sheath blight.
CL152	2011 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: Tacauri/3/Cypre ss//L-202/Tebonnet/4/CL161	A mid-season, semi-dwarf long-grain Clearfield variety similar to CL151 with good yield potential and high tolerance to Newpath herbicide. Improved lodging and chalk compared to CL151.
CL153	2016 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: 950208-A//AR 1188/Cocodrie/3/CFX- 26/9702128/4/Cheniere	A mid-season, semi-dwarf long-grain Clearfield variety similar to CL151 with good yield potential and high tolerance to Newpath herbicide. Susceptible to sheath blight, kernel smut, and false smut. Moderately susceptible to blast.
CL163	2015 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: 248CO13E-1	A mid-season, semi-dwarf long-grain Clearfield variety with good yield potential and milling quality and high tolerance to Newpath herbicide. Susceptible to sheath blight and blast. Moderately susceptible to bacterial panicle blight. High amylose content.
CL172	2016 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: 248Drew16C-1- 3/6/LaGrue//Katy/Starbonnet/5/New bonnet/Katy//RA73/Lemont/4/LeBo nnet/9902/3/Dawn/9695//Starbonnet	A mid-season, semi-dwarf long-grain Clearfield variety with good yield potential and milling quality. High tolerance to Newpath herbicide. Moderately susceptible to sheath blight, blast, bacterial panicle blight, and kernel smut. Susceptible to false smut.
CL271	2014 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: Neptune//Bengal/CL161	A mid-season, medium-grain Clearfield variety. High tolerance to Newpath herbicide. Moderately resistant to blast and narrow brown leaf spot. Moderately susceptible to bacterial panicle blight and kernel smut. Susceptible to sheath blight and black sheath rot.
CL272	2016 – BASF, Horizon Ag	Proprietary variety: Neptune//Bengal/CL161	A mid-season, medium-grain Clearfield variety. High tolerance to Newpath herbicide. Very susceptible to bacterial panicle blight. Susceptible to sheath blight and blast.

Table 8. General characteristics of cultivars tested in the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials and Producer Rice Evaluation Program.

Cultivar	Year Released & Source	Pedigree	Highlights
CL XL729	2007 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A short season, long-grain Clearfield hybrid with excellent yield potential and moderately susceptible to sheath blight, and moderately resistant to blast.
CL XL745	2008 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A short season, long-grain Clearfield hybrid with excellent yield potential, moderately susceptible to sheath blight, and moderately resistant to blast, and susceptible to lodging. Reported to have improved tolerance to shattering.
CL XP756	2011 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A mid-season, long-grain Clearfield hybrid with good yield potential and average milling quality. Similar to CL XL729.
CL XL4534	2013 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A short season, long-grain Clearfield hybrid with good yield potential.
Colorado	2012 – Texas	Cocodrie/L-202	A short season, semi-dwarf long-grain variety with good yield potential and milling quality.
Della-2	2012 – Louisiana	Cypress//L-205/Della	A short season, semi-dwarf long-grain aromatic variety with good yield and very good grain quality. Improved lodging compared to Della.
Francis	2002 – Arkansas	Lebonnet/9902/3/Dawn/9695/Starbo nnet/4/ LaGrue	A short season, long-grain variety with excellent yield potential, susceptible to rice blast and very susceptible to kernel smut. It is the best long grain for high pH and salt soils of NE Arkansas west of Crowley's ridge but should not be stressed for water due to blast concerns.
Jazzman	2009 – Louisiana	Chinese aromatic/Ahrent	A mid-season, Jasmine-type aromatic variety with good yield potential and milling quality.
Jazzman-2	2011 – Louisiana	RU0302195/RU0302125	A mid-season, Jasmine-type aromatic variety with fair yield and good milling compared to Jazzman. Susceptible to sheath blight, bacterial panicle blight, and straighthead.
Jupiter	2006 – Louisiana	Mercury//Mercury/Koshihikari/3/Be ngal// Mercury/Rico	A mid-season, semi-dwarf, medium-grain variety with excellent yield potential and milling quality. It has a small grain size but has moderate resistance to bacterial panicle blight.
LaKast	2014 – Arkansas	LaGrue//Katy/Starbonnet/3/LaGrue	A mid-season, long-grain variety with excellent yield potential and good milling quality. Susceptible to blast and sheath blight.
Mermentau	2012 – Louisiana	AR1188/Cocodrie//9502088/LaGru e	A mid-season, semi-dwarf, long-grain variety with good yield potential and physical characteristics similar to Cocodrie, Cheniere, and Catahoula.
MM14	2014 – Missouri	Baldo/RU9201093	A mid-season, medium-grain variety with good yield potential. Susceptible to bacterial panicle blight.
Rex	2010 – Mississippi	Rosemont//Rexmont/IR36	A short season, semi-dwarf long-grain variety with excellent yield potential and good milling quality. Very good straw strength, but is susceptible to most diseases.
Roy J	2010 – Arkansas	LaGrue//Katy/Starbonnet/5/Newbon net/Katy//RA73/Lemont/4/Lebonnet /9902/3/Dawn/9695//Starbonnet	A mid-season, long-grain variety with excellent yield potential and good milling quality. Excellent straw strength. Susceptible to blast and moderately susceptible to sheath blight.
Taggart	2009 – Arkansas	LaGrue//Katy/Starbonnet/5/LaGrue/ /Lemont/RA73/3/LaGrue/4/LaGrue	A mid-season, long-grain variety with very good yield potential and average milling quality. Resistant to straighthead. Moderately susceptible to sheath blight and rice blast.

Table 8 (cont.). General characteristics of cultivars tested in the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials and Producer Rice	Evaluation Program.
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Cultivar	Year Released & Source	Pedigree	Highlights
Wells	1999 – Arkansas	Newbonnet/3/Lebonnet/CI9902//La belle	A short season, long-grain variety with excellent yield potential, average to good milling quality, large kernel size similar to Lemont, but is susceptible to rice blast. Only moderately susceptible to kernel smut and most other diseases.
XL723	2005 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A short season, long-grain hybrid with excellent yield potential, average milling quality; resistant to blast and moderately susceptible to sheath blight.
XL753	2011 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A short season, long-grain hybrid with excellent yield potential. Resistant to blast, moderately susceptible to sheath blight and straighthead.
XL760	2014 – RiceTec, Inc.	Proprietary hybrid	A short season, long-grain hybrid with good yield potential.

Table 8 (cont.). General characteristics of cultivars tested in the Arkansas Rice Performance Trials and Producer Rice Evaluation Program.